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SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations May-2022

BASIC THERMODYNAMICS

(Mechanical Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

(Answer all Five Units 5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 Explain the following
- | | | |
|-----------------------|----|----|
| a Enthalpy | L2 | 3M |
| b Internal Energy | L2 | 3M |
| c Specific heat | L2 | 3M |
| d Thermodynamic cycle | L2 | 3M |
- OR**
- 2 What is meant by thermodynamics equilibrium? Explain its types briefly.
- | | | |
|--|----|-----|
| | L1 | 12M |
|--|----|-----|

UNIT-II

- 3 State the concept of entropy of gas and availability and unavailability
- | | | |
|--|----|-----|
| | L1 | 12M |
|--|----|-----|
- OR**
- 4 a The air in a system expands from a temperature of 60°C to 300°C at a constant pressure of 2 bars. Calculate the heat transfer, work done and change in internal energy. The mass of the air is 0.6 Kg. Assume $C_p=1.02$ KJ/KgK and $C_v=0.71$ KJ/KgK for air.
- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| | L3 | 8M |
|--|----|----|
- b State second law of thermodynamics
- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| | L1 | 4M |
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UNIT-III

- 5 a Sketch the following processes on P-V and T-S diagrams (i) constant volume (ii) constant pressure (iii) constant temperature (iv) isentropic process
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|--|----|-----|
| | L2 | 4 M |
|--|----|-----|
- b In a closed vessel a certain quantity of gas is heated from 200 KN/m² to 500 KN/m². If the volume of the vessel is 5000 litres find the quantity of i) heat transfer ii) change in internal energy iii) work done. $c_p=1.005$ KJ/kgk and $c_v=0.715$ KJ/kgk
- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| | L3 | 8M |
|--|----|----|

OR

- 6 a Derive an expression for work done during isothermal process.
- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| | L3 | 6M |
|--|----|----|
- b 0.2 kg of air at pressure of 1.1 bars and 15°C is compressed isothermally to a pressure of 5.5 bars. Calculate (i) final volume (ii) heat rejected (iii) change in internal energy. Assume $R=0.292$ KJ/KgK.
- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| | L3 | 6M |
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UNIT-IV

- 7 a An engine working on the Otto cycle is supplied with air at 0.1 MPa, 35°C. The compression ratio is 8. The heat supplied is 2100 kJ/kg. Calculate the Maximum pressure and temperature of the cycle, the cycle efficiency and the mean effective pressure. (for air $C_p=1.005$ kJ/kg.k, $C_v=0.717$ kJ/kgk, and $R=0.287$ kJ/kgk).
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|--|----|------|
| | L3 | 12 M |
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OR

- 8 a Derive an expression for the thermal efficiency of Ericson cycle and draw P-V & T-S diagrams. L2 6M
- b An oil engine working on the dual combustion cycle has a compression ratio 14 and the explosion ratio obtained from an indicator card is 1.4. If the cut-off occurs at 6 per cent of stroke, find the ideal efficiency. Take γ for air = 1.4. L3 6M

UNIT-V

- 9 a Explain with the help of neat diagram about Regenerative Cycle. L2 6M
- b In a regenerative cycle inlet conditions are 40 bar and 400°C. Steam is bled at 10bar in regenerative heating. The exit pressure is 0.8 bar. Neglecting the pump work. Determine the efficiency of the cycle. L3 6M

OR

- 10 A steam power plant operates on a theoretical reheat cycle. Steam at Boiler at 150 bar, 550°C expands through the high pressure turbine. It is reheated at a constant pressure of 40 bar to 550°C and expands through the low pressure turbine to a condenser at 0.1 bar. Draw T-s and h-s diagrams. Find (i) Quality of steam at turbine exhaust (ii) Cycle efficiency (iii) Steam rate in kg/kWh L3 12M

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